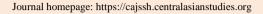
CENTRAL ASIAN JOURNAL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORY

VOLUME: 04 ISSUE: 09 | SEP 2023 (ISSN: 2660-6836)



CENTRAL ASIAN JOURNAL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORY





The Information System's Needs Evaluation of the Student Creativity Program as an Effort to Increase Student Participation and Achievements of PKM UPN Veteran Yogyakarta

Ismianti Ismianti, Hasan Mastrisiswadi, Berty Dwi Rahmawati

Department of Industrial Engineering, Universitas Pembangunan Nasional Veteran Yogyakarta, Jl. Babarsari 2 Tambakbayan, Yogyakarta, 55281 mastrisiswadi@upnyk.ac.id

Singgih Saptono

Department of Mining Engineering, Universitas Pembangunan Nasional Veteran Yogyakarta, Jl. Babarsari 2 Tambakbayan, Yogyakarta, 55281

Oliver Samuel Simanjuntak

Department of Information System, Universitas Pembangunan Nasional Veteran Yogyakarta, Jl. Babarsari 2 Tambakbayan, Yogyakarta, 55281

Abstract:

UPN Veteran Yogyakarta students have a new website; the site also accommodates the Student Creativity Program. However, the page's content is still minimal and cannot provide information or as a medium of communication between lecturers, students, and the PKM Center. Therefore, this study will try to develop the quality of the PKM website using the webqual method and Importance Performance Analysis. Researchers have used this method to evaluate various information systems. Several variables need to be considered based on research that has been carried out using webqual 4.0 and the Importance Performance Analysis (IPA) method. They are included in the Concentrate Here category.

ARTICLEINFO

Article history:

Received 09-Jul-23 Received in revised form 15-Jul-23 Accepted 07- Aug-23

Available online 8-Sep-2023

Key word: PKM, UPN, Webqual 4.0, IPA.

These variables are the website providing timely information (INFO3), the website providing relevant information (INFO5), the website providing easy-to-understand information (INFO6), The interaction

E-mail address: editor@centralasianstudies.org (ISSN: 2660-6836) Hosting by Central Asian Studies. All rights reserved..

between the website and users being straightforward and easy to understand (USAB2), the website creates a positive experience for users (USAB8). These five variables must be handled in developing the PKM UPN Veteran Yogyakarta website.

1. Introduction

The National Education System Law number 20 of 2003, article 20 paragraph 2, states that universities are obliged to provide education, research, and community service [1]. These three activities are better known as the Tridharma of Higher Education related. According to Lian [2], the dharma of education and research must concretely support the dharma of community service.

The Student Creativity Program (PKM) is a form of implementation of the Tridharma of Higher Education launched by the Directorate General of Higher Education in 2022 under the management of the Directorate of Learning and Student Affairs (Belmawa). This program is an effort to grow, accommodate, and realize creative and innovative ideas from students. PKM has an impact on increasing student and university achievement in the ranking of the Ministry of Education and Culture.

PKM at UPN Veteran Yogyakarta received a positive response from students, with increased student participation from year to year. However, this participation number is still below the quota from the cluster obtained by UPN Veteran Yogyakarta. PKM at UPN Veteran Yogyakarta needs support and synergy from the leaders, lecturers, and students. With this synergy, PKM participation and achievements in universities can increase.

PKM is a program whose duration is quite long. Starting from submitting proposals to PIMNAS took almost a year. It requires a clear and smooth flow of information and processes in all these PKM activities. Therefore, a website is needed to provide transparent information and as a forum for communication between students, lecturers, PKM Supervisors, leaders, and the PKM Center.

UPN Veteran Yogyakarta students have a new website; the site also accommodates the Student Creativity Program. However, the page is still minimal and cannot provide information or as a medium of communication between lecturers, students, and the PKM Center. Therefore, this study will try to develop the quality of the PKM website using the webqual method and Importance Performance Analysis. Researchers have used this method to evaluate various information systems [3–12].

2. Method

2.1. Objects of research and data retrieval

The research was conducted on students and lecturers in the UPN Veteran Yogyakarta environment who already understand PKM. Data was collected using a webqual 4.0 questionnaire[13–17]. The data retrieved is on each variable's level of importance and need.

2.2. Data processing and analysis

Data processing is carried out using the Importance Performance Analysis (IPA) method [18–22]. The steps performed in this method are as follows:

1. Calculate the satisfaction and needs of the value for each attribute

Each attribute's satisfaction and needs data is calculated to obtain average satisfaction and average needs. The division between average satisfaction and average needs results in a suitability percentage

value. Meanwhile, the average of this overall suitability is decision scores. The suitability value is compared to the decision scores value, to determine the hold or action. Action means that an action of improvement or improvement is required on that attribute. Meanwhile, hold means that the condition of the attribute has been met, so there is no need for any action to be taken.

2. Enter satisfaction and needs data on the IPA diagram

The data used in the IPA diagram comes from the calculations in the previous stage. The x-axis is the value of performance or satisfaction, and the y-axis is the value of importance or needs. Mapping each variable in the IPA diagram is crucial in conducting category analysis at the next stage.

3. Analyze variables according to IPA categories

After mapping in the IPA diagram, the next stage is to divide it into IPA categories: concentrate here, keep up the good work, low priority and mostly overkill. Each of the categories has different characteristics to analyze.

3. Results and Discussion

3.1. Data Demographics

Data collection using questionnaires was performed against respondents with the characteristics shown in Figures 1-4 as follows:

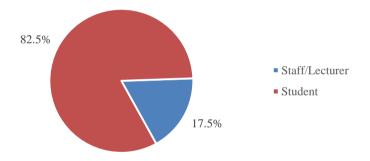


Fig. 1. Percentage chart of the number of respondents

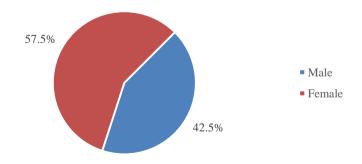


Fig. 2. Percentage of respondents' gender diagram

E-mail address: editor@centralasianstudies.org (ISSN: 2660-6836).. Hosting by Central Asian Studies. All rights reserved.

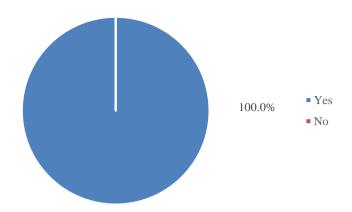


Fig. 3. Percentage of the number of respondents who are familiar with PKM

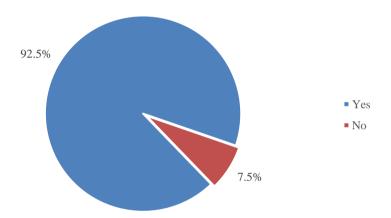


Fig. 4. Percentage of the number of respondents who have participated in PKM socialization

In **Figure 1**, we can see that the percentage of respondents from students is 82.5%, and the rest comes from lecturers. In **Figure 2**, we can see that the number of male and female respondents is almost balanced, namely 42.5% and 57.5%. All (100%) respondents have known PKM (**Figure 3**), and 92.5% of all respondents have participated in PKM socialization (**Figure 4**). The rest know PKM from other sources.

3.2. Importance Performance Analysis (IPA)

The first step in conducting an Importance Performance Analysis (IPA) is determining the level of importance and satisfaction for each variable in Webqual 4.0. The results of the level of importance and satisfaction are averaged and calculated the suitability value by dividing the satisfaction value by the need value. This value is then averaged and used as a decision score to determine hold or action. The hold is when a variable's data requires no effort, while action means that the variable requires further action and is executed properly. These data are included in the IPA Table, which can be viewed in **Table 1**.

No.	Attribute		Avg Importance	Avg Performance	Suitability	Decision scores	Hold or Action
1		(USAB1)	3.725	3.475	93.29%	92.29%	H
2	Usability	(USAB2)	3.725	3.375	90.60%	92.29%	A
3		(USAB3)	3.625	3.325	91.72%	92.29%	A
4		(USAB4)	3.75	3.45	92.00%	92.29%	A
5		(USAB5)	3.65	3.275	89.73%	92.29%	A
6		(USAB6)	3.6	3.325	92.36%	92.29%	Н
7		(USAB7)	3.525	3.35	95.04%	92.29%	Н
8		(USAB8)	3.675	3.35	91.16%	92.29%	A
9	Information	(INFO1)	3.8	3.5	92.11%	92.29%	A
10		(INFO2)	3.85	3.575	92.86%	92.29%	Н
11		(INFO3)	3.75	3.325	88.67%	92.29%	A
12		(INFO4)	3.75	3.425	91.33%	92.29%	A
13		(INFO5)	3.75	3.375	90.00%	92.29%	A
14		(INFO6)	3.725	3.325	89.26%	92.29%	A
15		(INFO7)	3.75	3.4	90.67%	92.29%	A
16	Interaction	(INTE1)	3.425	3.4	99.27%	92.29%	Н
17		(INTE2)	3.675	3.4	92.52%	92.29%	Н
18		(INTE3)	3.875	3.45	89.03%	92.29%	A
19		(INTE4)	3.4	3.175	93.38%	92.29%	Н
20		(INTE5)	3.375	3.275	97.04%	92.29%	Н
21		(INTE6)	3.5	3.325	95.00%	92.29%	Н
22		(INTE7)	3.725	3.475	93.29%	92.29%	Н

Table 1. Importance Performance Analysis

The results of these values of importance and need are then included in the IPA diagram (**Figure 5**) as follows:

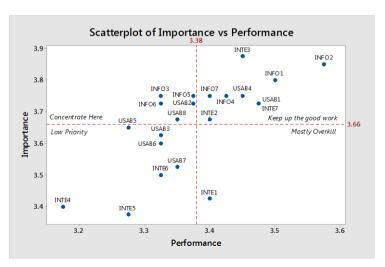


Fig. 5. IPA Diagram

E-mail address: editor@centralasianstudies.org (ISSN: 2660-6836).. Hosting by Central Asian Studies. All rights reserved.

After entering each variable into the IPA Diagram, the next step is to analyze the needs of the PKM website based on the categories in the IPA

1. Concentrate here

The variables in this section are crucial to pay attention to in making a PKM website at UPN Veteran Yogyakarta. Variables in this category are INFO3, INFO5, INFO6, USAB2, and USAB8.

2. Keep up the good work

The variables included in this section already have high performance and needs but still, need to be maintained in quality. Variables in this category are USAB1, USAB4, INFO1, INFO2, INFO4, INFO7, INTE2, INTE3, and INTE7.

3. Low priority

Variables that fall into this category have a minor priority to be developed on the PKM UPN Veteran Yogyakarta website. Variables in this category include USAB3, USAB6, USAB7, INTE4, INTE5, and INTE6.

4. Mostly overkill

Variables that fall into this category are almost unnecessary to develop. The variable that falls into this category is INTE1.

4. Conclusions and Suggestions

Several variables need to be considered based on research that has been carried out using webqual 4.0 and the Importance Performance Analysis (IPA) method. They are included in the Concentrate Here category. These variables are the website providing timely information (INFO3), the website providing relevant information (INFO5), the website providing easy-to-understand information (INFO6), The interaction between the website and users being straightforward and easy to understand (USAB2), the website creates a positive experience for users (USAB8). These five variables must be handled in developing the PKM UPN Veteran Yogyakarta website.

This research is still limited to the variables in webqual 4.0; many variables can still be explored to improve the quality of the website to be developed. Further research can also use other methods to obtain a lot of input on developing this website.

Acknowledgment

A word of gratitude is given to LPPM UPN "Veteran" who has financed this institutional research and to all parties who helped carry out this activity.

References

- 1. Departemen Pendidikan Nasional. Undang-undang Republik Indonesia nomor 20 tahun 2003 tentang sistem pendidikan nasional. 2003.
- 2. Lian B. Tanggung Jawab Tridharma Perguruan Tinggi Menjawab Kebutuhan Masyarakat. Pros. Semin. Nas. Program Pascasarj. Univ. PGRI Plb., 2019.
- 3. Barus EE, Suprapto ADH. Analisis Kualitas Website Tribunnews. com Menggunakan Metode Webqual dan Importance Performance Analysis. J Pengemb Teknol Inf Dan Ilmu Komput E-ISSN 2018;2548:964X.

- 4. Nasution L. Evaluasi Situs Web Pemerintah Menggunakan Metode Webqual Dan Importance-Performance Analysis (IPA)(Studi Kasus: Situs Kecamatan Lowokwaru-Malang). PhD Thesis. Universitas Brawijaya, 2018.
- 5. Rahmaini SN. Analisis kualitas website akademik menggunakan metode webqual 4.0 dan Importance-Performance Analysis (IPA). B.S. thesis. Jakarta: Fakultas Sains Dan Teknologi UIN Syarif Hidayatullah, 2018.
- 6. Andry JF, Christianto K, Wilujeng FR. Using Webqual 4.0 and Importance Performance Analysis to Evaluate E-Commerce Website. J Inf Syst Eng Bus Intell 2019;5:23–31.
- 7. Hidayah NA, Setyaningsih F, others. Combining webqual and importance performance analysis for assessing a government website. 2019 7th Int. Conf. Cyber IT Serv. Manag. CITSM, vol. 7, IEEE; 2019, p. 1–6.
- 8. Jundillah ML, Suseno JE, Surarso B. Evaluation of E-learning websites using the WebQual method and importance performance analysis. E3S Web Conf., vol. 125, EDP Sciences; 2019, p. 24001.
- 9. Pamungkas RA, Alfarishi E, Aditiarna E, Muklhisin A, Aziza RA. Analisis Kualitas Website SMK Negeri 2 Sragen dengan Metode Webqual 4.0 dan Importance Performance Analysist (IPA). J Media Inform Budidarma 2019;3:17–23.
- 10. [Ngulum MC, Indriyanti AD. Evaluasi Kualitas Website Simontasi Unesa Menggunakan Metode Webqual Dan Importance Performance Analysis (Ipa). J Inform Comput Sci JINACS 2020;2.
- 11. Sri Utami I, Setiadi H, others. Analysis The Effect of Website Quality on User Satisfaction with The WebQual 4.0 Method and Importance-Performance Analysis (IPA)(Case Study: SPMB Sebelas Maret University's Website). J. Phys. Conf. Ser., vol. 1842, 2021, p. 012003.
- 12. Wijaya IGNS, Triandini E, Kabnani ETG, Arifin S. E-commerce website service quality and customer loyalty using WebQual 4.0 with importance performances analysis, and structural equation model: An empirical study in shopee. Regist J Ilm Teknol Sist Inf 2021;7:107–24.
- 13. Fauziah DN, Wulandari DAN, others. Pengukuran kualitas layanan bukalapak. com terhadap kepuasan konsumen dengan metode webqual 4.0. JITK J Ilmu Pengetah Dan Teknol Komput 2018;3:173–80.
- 14. Warjiyono W, Hellyana CM. Pengukuran Kualitas Website Pemerintah Desa Jagalempeni Menggunakan Metode Webqual 4.0. J Teknol Inf Dan Ilmu Komput 2018;5:139.
- 15. Pamungkas R, Saifullah S. Evaluasi Kualitas Website Program Studi Sistem Informasi Universitas PGRI Madiun Menggunakan Webqual 4.0. INTENSIF J Ilm Penelit Dan Penerapan Teknol Sist Inf 2019;3:22–31.
- 16. Khalifa GS. Assessing e-service quality gap within Egyptian hotels via WEBQUAL technique. Artech J Tour Res Hosp 2020;1:13–24.
- 17. Rerung RR, Fauzan M, Hermawan H. Website quality measurement of higher education services institution region iv using webqual 4.0 method. Int J Adv Data Inf Syst 2020;1:89–102.
- 18. Mastrisiswadi H, Izzhati DN, Talitha T. The use of importance-performance analysis for Indonesian smoked fish production strategy. IOP Conf. Ser. Mater. Sci. Eng., vol. 403, IOP

Publishing; 2018, p. 012053.

- 19. Bi J-W, Liu Y, Fan Z-P, Zhang J. Wisdom of crowds: Conducting importance-performance analysis (IPA) through online reviews. Tour Manag 2019;70:460–78.
- 20. Esmailpour J, Aghabayk K, Vajari MA, De Gruyter C. Importance–Performance Analysis (IPA) of bus service attributes: A case study in a developing country. Transp Res Part Policy Pract 2020;142:129–50.
- 21. Nazari-Shirkouhi S, Mousakhani S, Tavakoli M, Dalvand MR, Šaparauskas J, Antuchevičienė J. Importance-performance analysis based balanced scorecard for performance evaluation in higher education institutions: an integrated fuzzy approach. J Bus Econ Manag 2020;21:647–78.
- 22. Wang A, Zhang Q, Zhao S, Lu X, Peng Z. A review-driven customer preference measurement model for product improvement: sentiment-based importance–performance analysis. Inf Syst E-Bus Manag 2020;18:61–88.